

[Tour code: GW-IMG-001] Hohhot, Huitengxile Grassland (3 days)

Inner Mongolia

The Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region is also called Inner Mongolia for short, with Hohhot as its capital city. Its origin can be traced back to the Ordos people who lived here 2,000 years ago. What is most attractive about Inner Mongolia is its natural beauty. Vast grasslands, mushroom-like yurts, bright sky, fresh air, rolling grass and the flocks and herds moving like white clouds on the remote grassland, all contribute to make the scenery a very relaxing one. Please attention: The main feature of the climate here is that the different in temperature between days and nights is very big, so tourists should wear layer of clothes when traveling here.



Day01 Beijing-Hohhot

Take overnight train to Hohhot (means "blue city" in Mongolian), the city capital of Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region. (No transfer service in Beijing)

Day02 Hohhot

Arrive in Hohhot in the early morning. Be picked up from the railway station and be transferred to **Huitengxile Grassland**, with 99 natural lakes surrounded. In Mongolian, Huitengxile means "a cold plateau". With an altitude of over 1800 meters, it's cold here. Wonder around on the grassland, visit a local village, drink Mongolian tea in a local nomad family, do a nice walk in the beautiful yellow flower valley. Later watch a wrestling competition, enjoy the Mongolian performance at night, and try the local cuisine. Stay overnight in nomadic yurt. (B-L-D)

Day03 Hohhot-Beijing

Under the blue sky and white cloud, try horse-riding in the morning. Then, drive back to Hohhot. Pay a visit to **Five-Pagoda Temple** which is also called Jingangzuo Sheli Baota. As there are five dagobas on the pedestal of the pagoda, it is named Five-Pagoda Temple. Move on to visit **Zhao Jun Tomb**. In fact this is not the reason it becomes famous, but because of the lady Wang Zhaojun, one of the four most distinguished beauties of Chinese history, who married Emperor of Xiongnu to keep peaceful relationship between two countries. Then, take an overnight train back to Beijing. (B-L-D)